

Influence of crumb rubber added by dry process on thermomechanical properties of bituminous mixtures

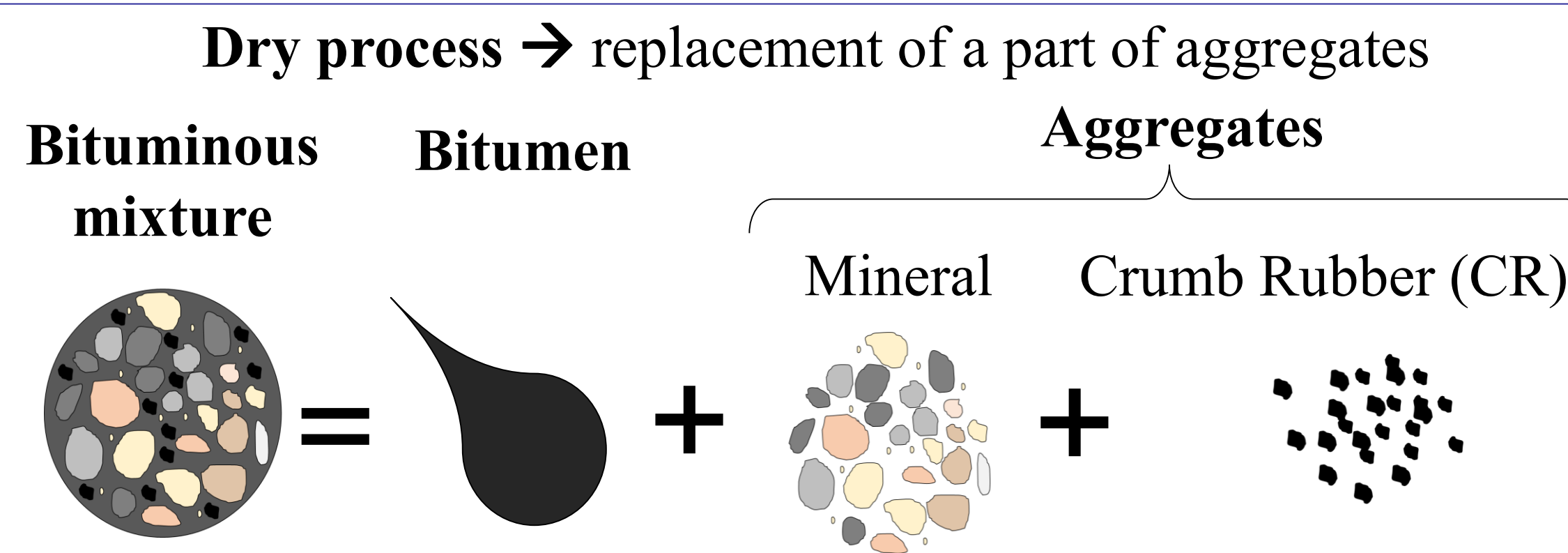
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CONTEXT AND OBJECTIVES



- 50 millions tires produced each years in France → To be recycled
- One solution → Incorporate rubber in bituminous mixtures



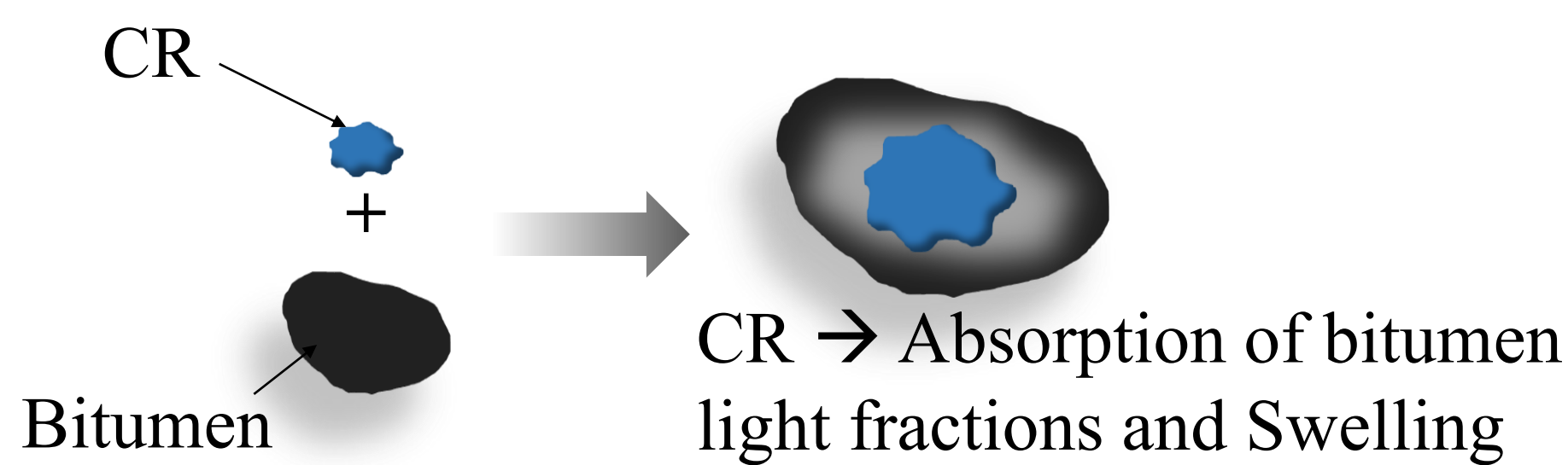
Objectives:

- Bituminous mixtures design with dry process
- Characterisation of thermomechanical behaviour

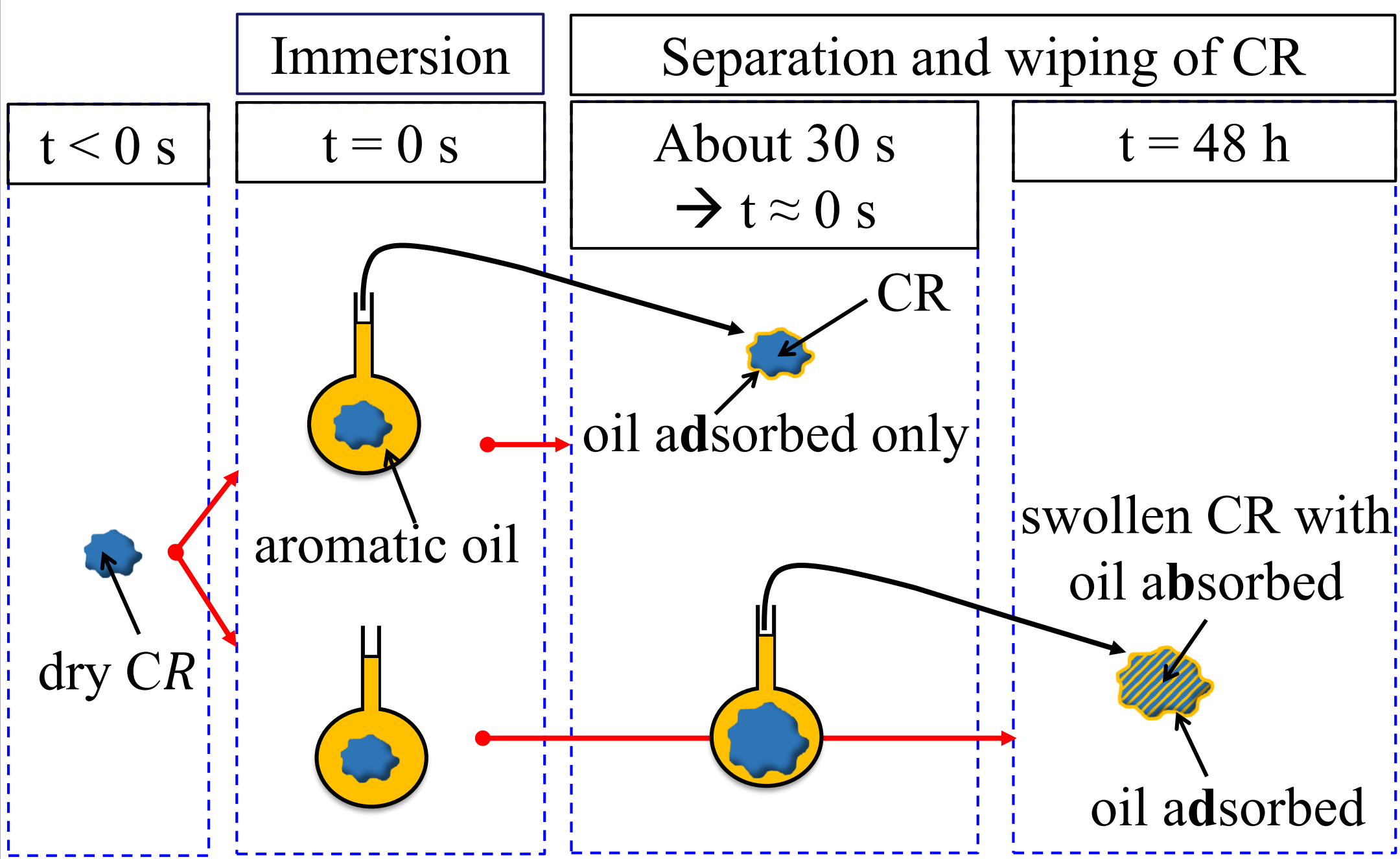
EXPERIMENTAL STUDIES FOR MIXTURES DESIGN

CR/bitumen interactions

Phenomenological explanation:

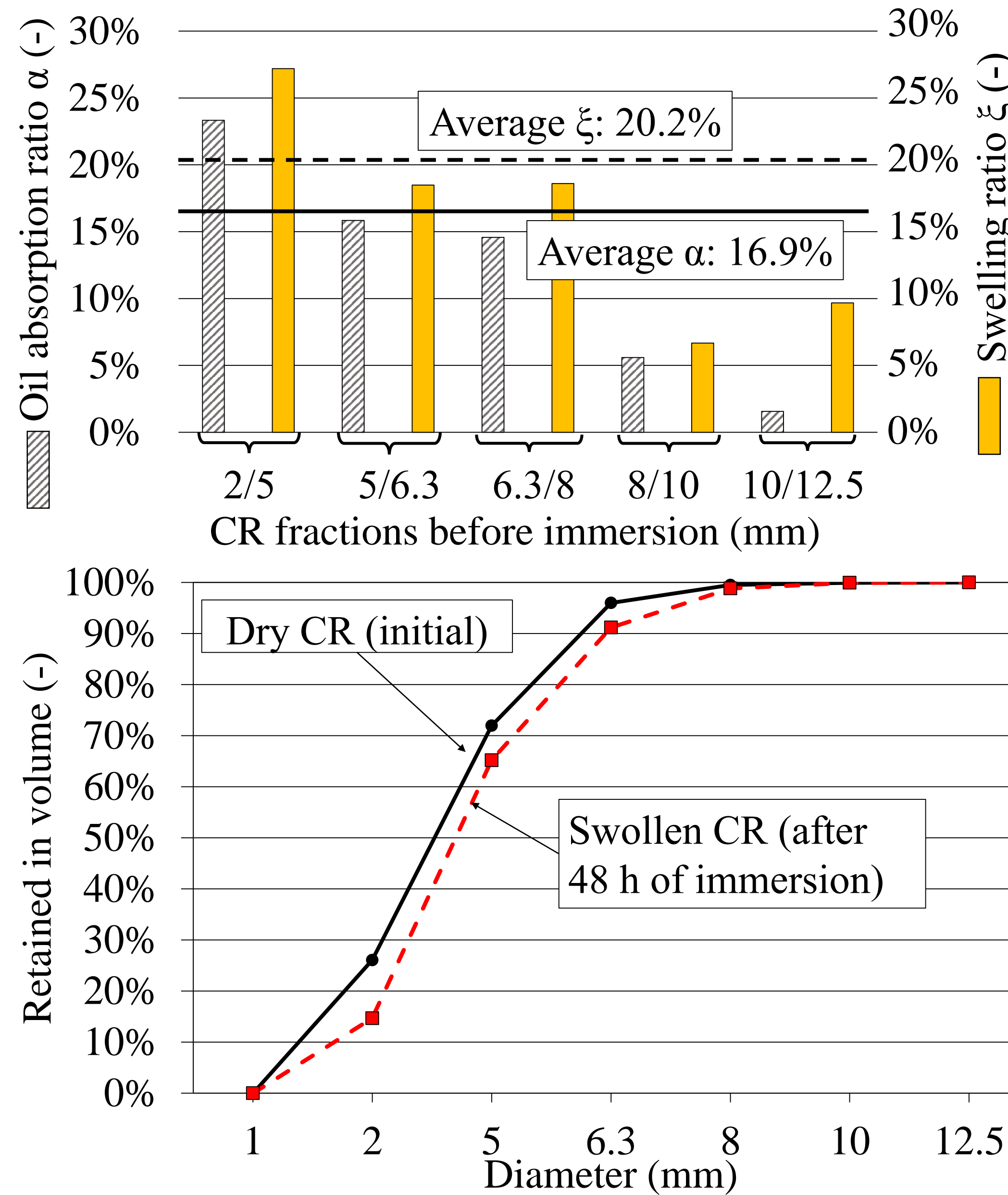


Experimental evaluation for each five CR fractions:

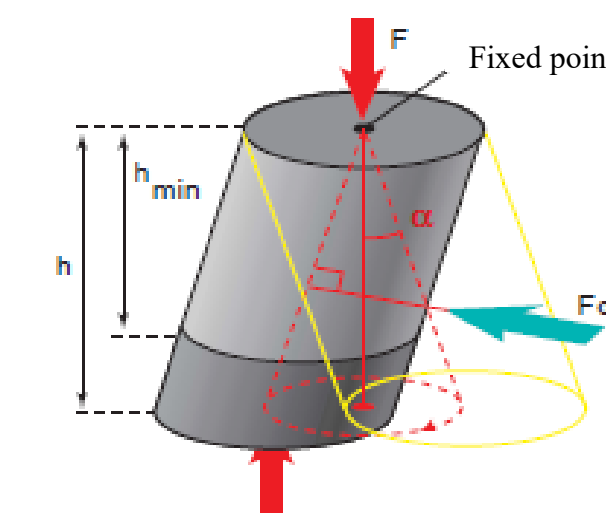


- At each step, measure of:
- Volume (pycnometer) and weight

Results in volume of dry CR:



Gyratory shear compactor



- High deformability of CR particles
- Failure of samples



Not adapted

- Do not reproduce correctly in-situ compaction
- Samples obtained from wheel compactor

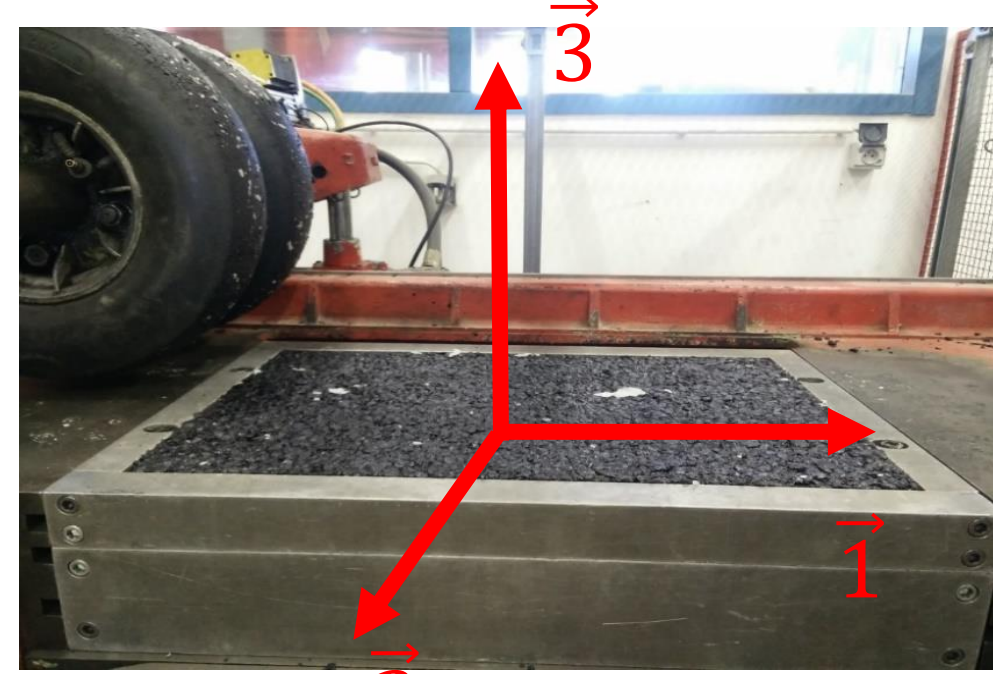
Advanced test samples

Slabs for rutting test

MATERIALS AND ADVANCED LABORATORY TESTING

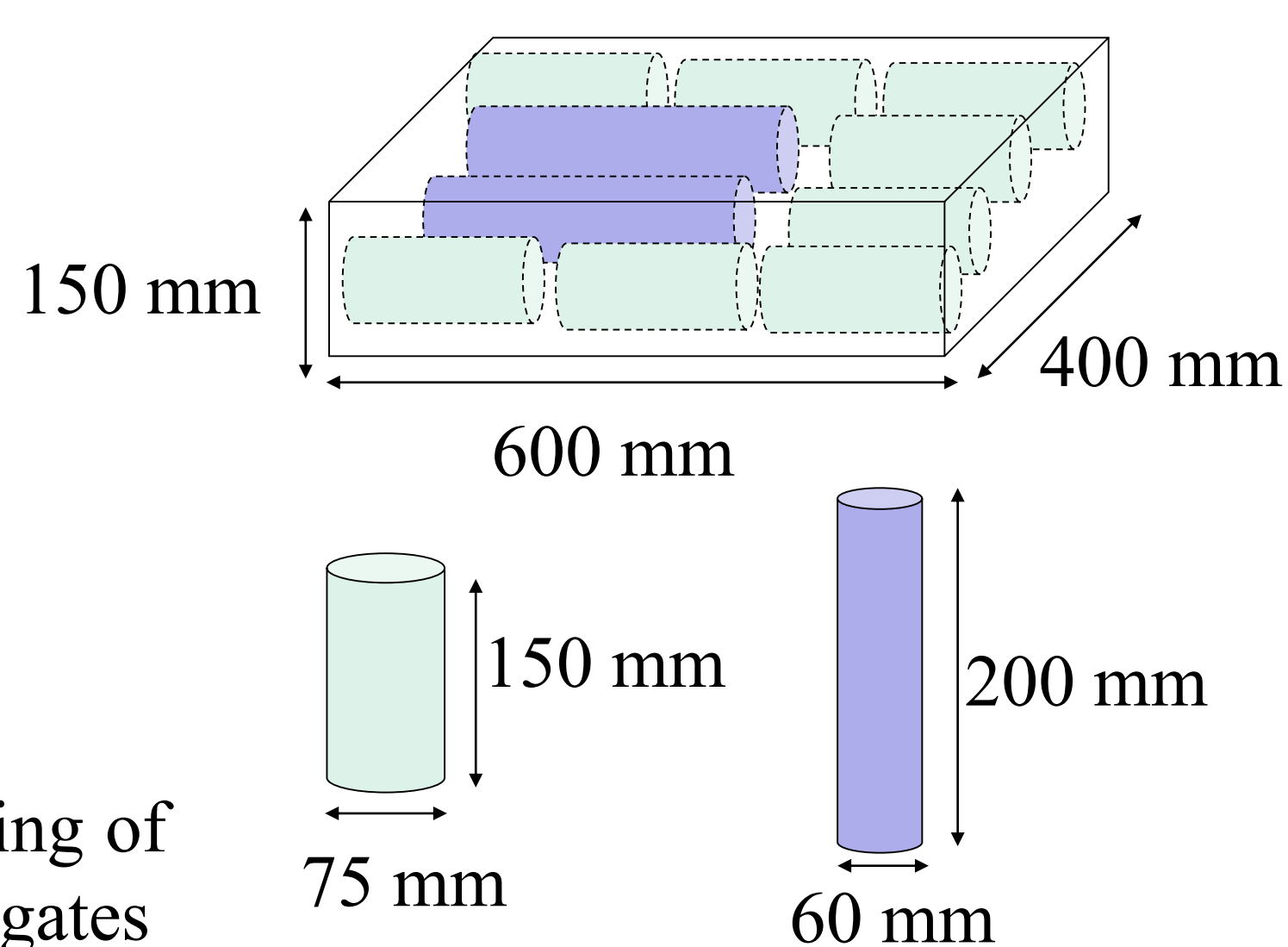
Production of specimens

Slabs compacted using an LPC wheel compactor:



- Investigations of the swelling of mixtures slabs with CR aggregates

Coring plan for each mixture:



Types of materials

Different materials:

- GB5 0/14 with 25% of RAP and 4/8 mm CR aggregates
- BB5 0/10 with 25% of RAP and 3/6mm CR aggregates

Bitumen:

- Pure 35/50
- Biprène 43
- Biprène 63

Amounts of rubber:

- 0%
- 2%
- 4%

Compatibilizers:

- Oléoflux
- Poix tall oil

+ Pure rubber specimens

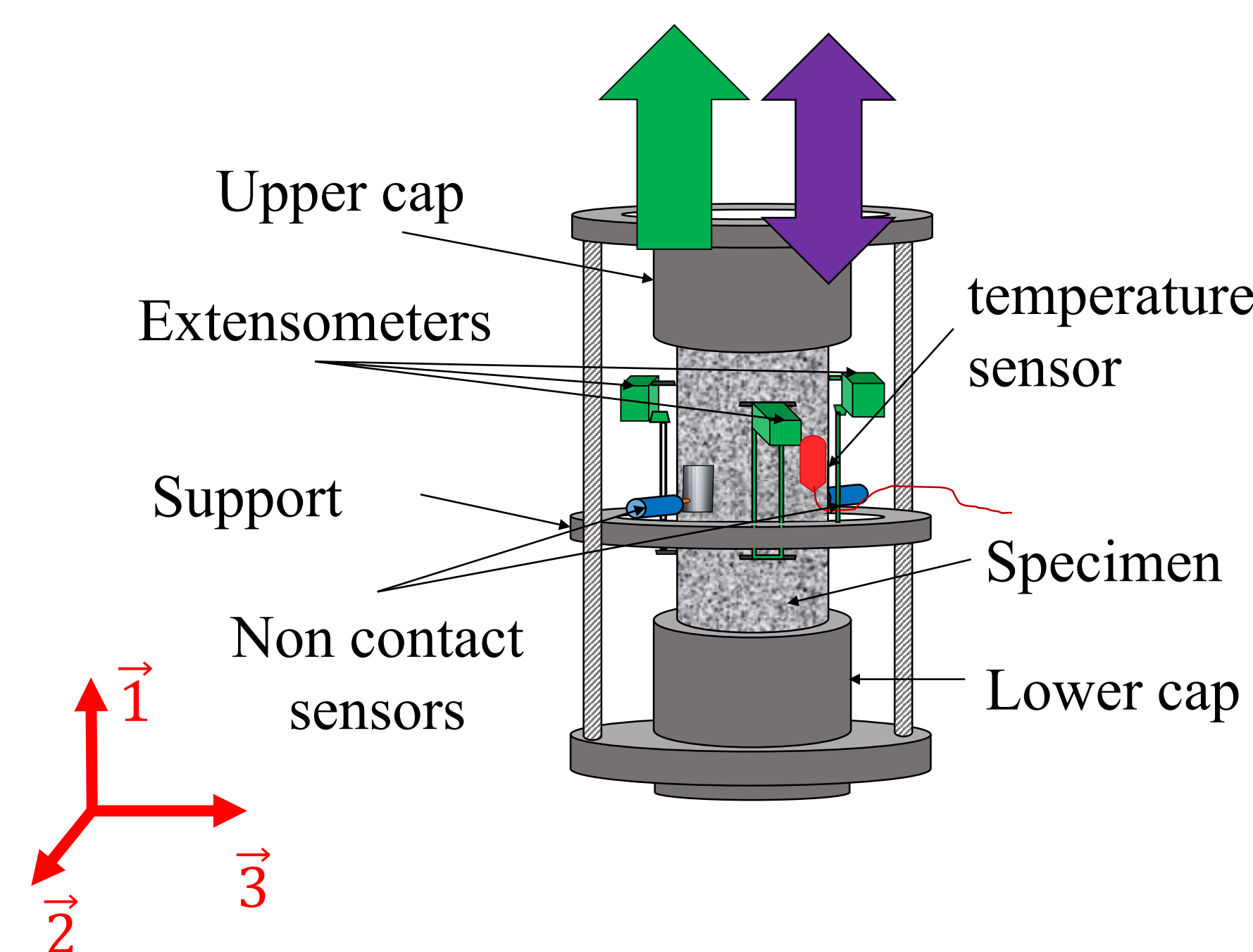
Advanced Laboratory testing and modeling

TSRST in 3 dimensions:

- Failure in tensile by thermal stress restrained:
- Initial temperature $T_1 = 5^\circ\text{C}$
 - $\epsilon_{\text{axial}} = 0$
 - Temperature decrease of -10°C/h until failure

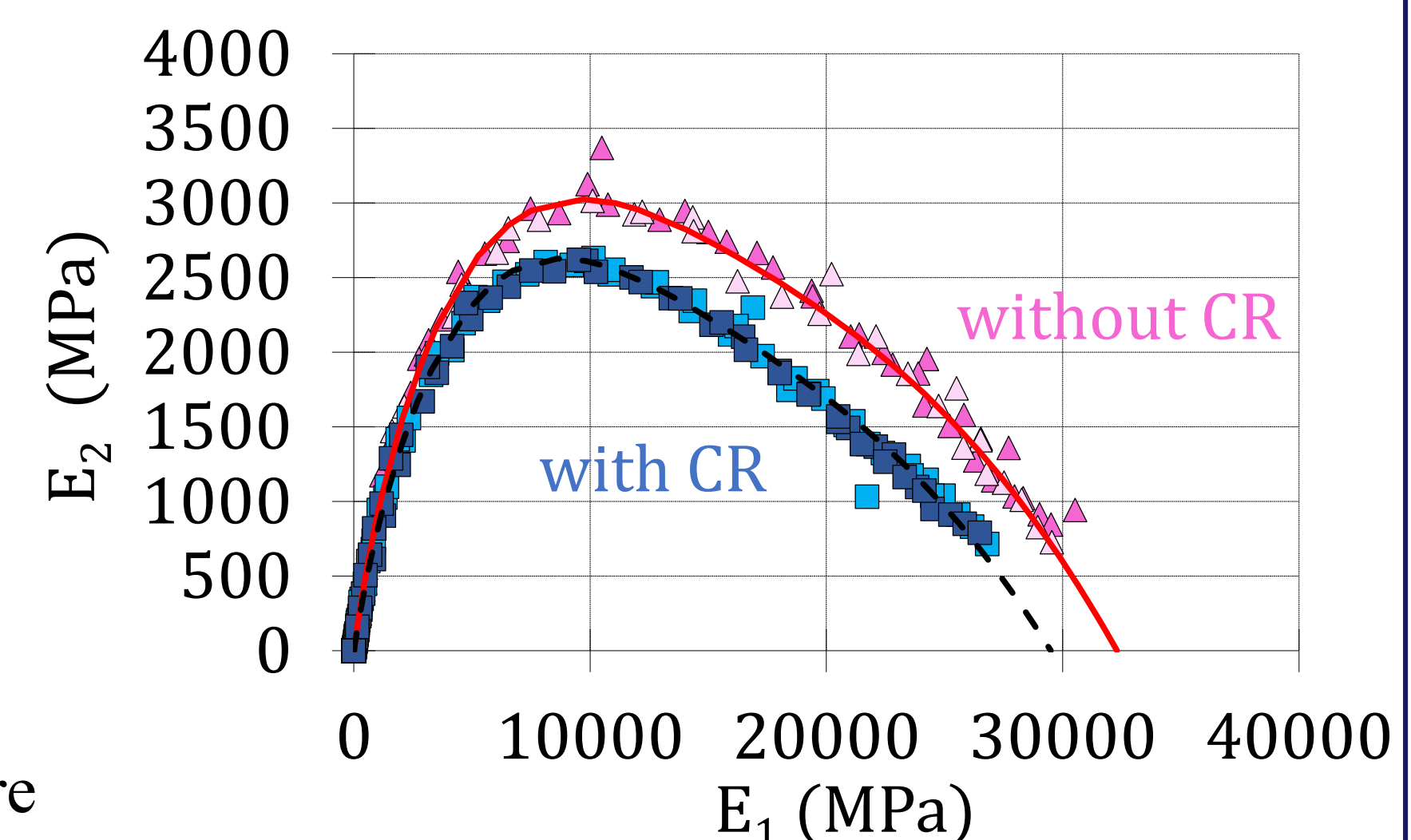
Direct tensile strength tests:

- Axial lengthening of a specimen at:
- $T = -5^\circ\text{C}, 5^\circ\text{C}, \text{ and } 10^\circ\text{C}$
 - 3.2%/min until failure



Complex modulus tests

- Axial sinusoidal cyclic loading in tension/compression
- 50 $\mu\text{m/m}$ imposed axial strain amplitude
- 9 temperatures from -25°C to 50°C
- 8 frequencies from 0.003 Hz to 10 Hz



2S2PID model:

